



2.2

## Introduction

There are a number of rules known as the **laws of logarithms**. These allow expressions involving logarithms to be rewritten in a variety of different ways. The laws apply to logarithms of any base but the same base must be used throughout a calculation.

## 1. The laws of logarithms

The three main laws are stated here:

First Law

 $\log A + \log B = \log AB$ 

This law tells us how to add two logarithms together. Adding  $\log A$  and  $\log B$  results in the logarithm of the product of A and B, that is  $\log AB$ .

For example, we can write

 $\log_{10} 5 + \log_{10} 4 = \log_{10} (5 \times 4) = \log_{10} 20$ 

The same base, in this case 10, is used throughout the calculation. You should verify this by evaluating both sides separately on your calculator.

Second Law

$$\log A - \log B = \log \frac{A}{B}$$

So, subtracting  $\log B$  from  $\log A$  results in  $\log \frac{A}{B}$ .

For example, we can write

$$\log_{e} 12 - \log_{e} 2 = \log_{e} \frac{12}{2} = \log_{e} 6$$

The same base, in this case e, is used throughout the calculation. You should verify this by evaluating both sides separately on your calculator.

Third Law

 $\log A^n = n \log A$ 

So, for example

$$\log_{10} 5^3 = 3 \log_{10} 5^3$$

You should verify this by evaluating both sides separately on your calculator.

Two other important results are

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 $\log 1 = 0, \qquad \qquad \log_m m = 1$ 

The logarithm of 1 to any base is always 0, and the logarithm of a number to the same base is always 1. In particular,

 $\log_{10} 10 = 1, \qquad \text{and} \qquad \log_{\mathrm{e}} \mathrm{e} = 1$ 

## Exercises

1. Use the first law to simplify the following.

a)  $\log_{10} 6 + \log_{10} 3$ , b)  $\log x + \log y$ , c)  $\log 4x + \log x$ , d)  $\log a + \log b^2 + \log c^3$ .

2. Use the second law to simplify the following.

a)  $\log_{10} 6 - \log_{10} 3$ , b)  $\log x - \log y$ , c)  $\log 4x - \log x$ .

3. Use the third law to write each of the following in an alternative form.

a)  $3 \log_{10} 5$ , b)  $2 \log x$ , c)  $\log(4x)^2$ , d)  $5 \ln x^4$ , e)  $\ln 1000$ .

4. Simplify  $3\log x - \log x^2$ .

## Answers

1. a)  $\log_{10} 18$ , b)  $\log xy$ , c)  $\log 4x^2$ , d)  $\log ab^2c^3$ .

2. a)  $\log_{10} 2$ , b)  $\log \frac{x}{y}$ , c)  $\log 4$ .

3. a)  $\log_{10} 5^3$  or  $\log_{10} 125$ , b)  $\log x^2$ , c)  $2\log(4x)$ , d)  $20\ln x$  or  $\ln x^{20}$ ,

- e)  $1000 = 10^3$  so  $\ln 1000 = 3 \ln 10$ .
- 4.  $\log x$ .

